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NAVAL POSTGRADUATE SCHOOL Monterey, California





THESIS

AN INPUT/OUTPUT FILTER PROGRAM FOR THE WARFARE ENVIRONMENT SIMULATOR (WES)

bу

Peter William Fotheringham

March 1982

Thesis Advisor:

J.M. Wozencraft

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An Input/Output Filter Program for the Warfare Environment Simulator (WES)

bу

Peter William Fotheringham Captain, United States Army B.S., United States Military Academy, 1973

Submitted in partial fulfillment of the requirements for the degree of

MASTER OF SCIENCE IN SYSTEMS TECHNOLOGY (COMMAND, CONTROL AND COMMUNICATIONS)

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ABSTRACT

This thesis describes the concept of an input and output filter for the Warfare Environment Simulator (WES). filter is comprised of two computer programs which were written in the "C" programming language. The main program examines the input to the filter on a character by character basis, and provides two basic capabilities which are not currently available in WES. The first is the ability to edit or create files, and the second is a facility for translating abbreviations (macros) into WES commands. macros may include values which are substituted into variables in the commands as they are sent to WES. The second program buffers the output from WES as directed by the main program to avoid an interleaving of output when a process other than WES is in use.

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I. BACKGROUND

A. OBJECTIVE

The objective of this thesis was to develop a "filter" program for the Warfare Environment Simulator (WES). It was envisioned that the program would continuously examine the characters which were being typed in to determine if a predetermined set of characters (a "string") was present, and if so, to perform some corresponding, and also predetermined function. Additionally, the program would be capable of buffering output from WES in the event that output from some other process is being displayed on the terminal. For example, this would allow for the use of an editor, since the output from WES could be saved, and later displayed on the terminal when the editing session was completed. This objective was met in the manner described in the following section.

B. INTRODUCTION

In achieving the stated objective, two major questions had to be answered. The first question was "What functions would be most useful in the implementation of the filter concept?" Those who were most familiar with the operation of WES were the least concerned about functions which would make it easier to use: as usual, once a system has already

been learned, almost by definition its use becomes easy. On the other hand, since the majority of those who have tried to use WES have been initially overwhelmed by its complexity, they provided many suggestions as to what capabilities the filter program should provide. The second question was "How will the program determine when a particular function is to be performed?," or similarly, "How will the user indicate that a function is to be performed?" The answer to this question will be addressed first.

To enable a user of the program to distinguish between input to WES and a "command" to the filter program, a special character (the "\$") was chosen. It must precede any input which is to be interpreted by the program. For example, if "help" was typed in, it would be passed through the filter to WES without any action being taken by the program, while "\$help" would cause the program to display the help file without sending any characters to WES.

Answering the first question was a much more difficult task. The answer lies in the intersection of two lists of capabilities - a list of what would be most useful to implement, and a list of what is reasonable to implement. The adjective reasonable in this context means feasible in terms of the limitations imposed by: (1) the programming language being used ("C"), (2) the operating system (UNIX) and the standard routines it has access to, and (3) the time

available to write the program or subroutine. All of these factors were taken into account when the filter concept was developed and implemented.

A review of the capabilities which were common to the two lists resulted in a decision to include the following functions in the filter program:

- 1. An editing capability for reviewing old files, or creating new ones.
- A means of identifying certain brief strings of input, and sending a much more complex series or characters to WES.
- 3. A mechanism for substituting arguments provided as input for variables in predefined WIS commands.
- 4. A "default" mode of operation in which input provided to, as well as output from, WES occurs as it would if the filter program were not being used.

A detailed description of how these functions are performed is the topic of the next section.

II. PROGRAM STRUCTURE AND DESCRIPTION

A. THE MAIN PROGRAM

1. General

The main program receives input from the keyboard, checks for the special character, and either passes the other characters to telnet or responds to the "special" character strings as if they were commands. The special character for this program is the dollar sign ("\$"). A "\$" causes the program to compare the characters immediately following it to a list of strings of characters which correspond to subroutines which are to be performed. If the input string does not match a string in the list, an error message is generated and no action is taken.

These two modes of operation, as indicated in the source code, are (1) the "default" mode, and (2) the "call subroutine" mode. In the former, all input characters are sent to teinet, with the echo (a copy of the character on the terminal screen) being provided by the remote host. In the latter, the input characters are used to control the program, which performs various functions which are not otherwise available while running the WES program. These functions include listing the available files, invoking the editor, and expanding abbreviations (later referred to as macros) into standard WES commands.

The filter process was designed to be "file driven". For the most part, the text which is required for display in the main program is contained in separate files which are opened, read, and copied to the terminal. This allows for the text to be easily changed as necessary, and results in a shorter program. This tradeoff is in favor of both simplicity, and flexibility for future expansion or modification. It should be noted that this flexibility does not extend to changing the menu text without changing the switches in the main program which control the response of the program to the selection of an option.

Aside from the subroutines, the overall program is divided into three distinct parts (Figure 1). The main program controls the overall filter process. It also causes an asynchronous program to be executed which receives the output from telnet (which is the output from WES in this case), and either sends it directly to the terminal or stores it while other information is being displayed. This buffer program is discussed in more detail in section II C. The third part of the program is the telnet process, which will be discussed in section II D.

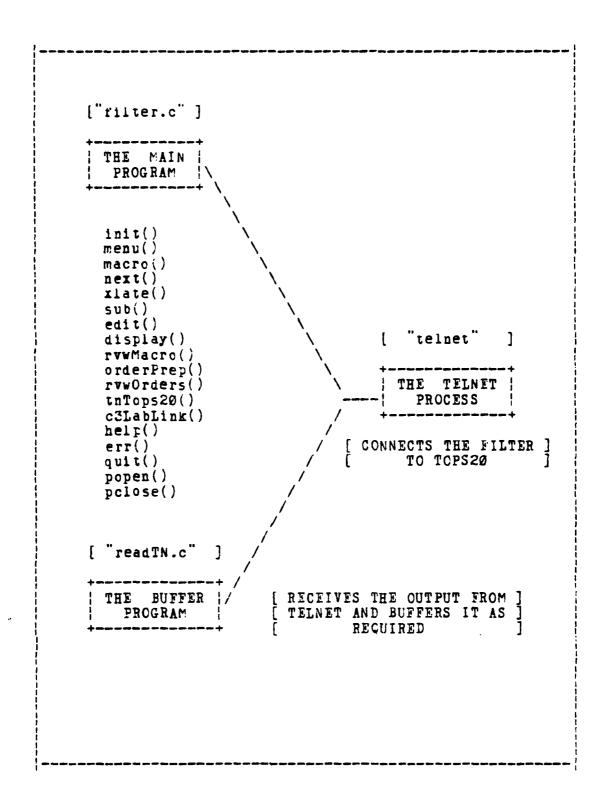


Figure 1. PROGRAM STRUCTURE

2. The Subroutines

The subroutine "init()" executes the actions which are required to begin using the program (Figure 2). The most significant of these actions are as follows:

- 1. Reading the macros and their WES equivalents into an array so that the program can rapidly determine if an input string is a valid macro, and if it is, output the WES command.
- 2. Determining the type of terminal that is being used, so that the proper (either line or full screen) editor can be called, if required.
- 3. Determining whether the program will be used with telnet, or for training on the capabilities and operation of the program.

The subroutine which controls the display and selection of options is "menu()". A text file containing the menu of options is displayed, and a number corresponding to the option selected is entered (Figure 3). The appropriate subroutine is then called. After an option has been completed, the menu is displayed again, and another choice may be made. Returning to the standard WES input mode is the last option on the menu.

The following options are available in the menu (with the exception of "4" which has not been implemented):

- 1. Editing an existing file, or creating a new file.
- 2. Displaying the current list of filenames.
- 3. Editing the list of macros and their WES equivalents.
- 4. Preparing an order for input to WES.
- 5. Displaying the current list of orders.
- 6. Returning to the standard WES input mode.

[THE FILE "mac.text" IS OPENED AND READ INTO]
[THE ARRAY "mac[]" IN THE MAIN PROGRAM]

Fri Mar 5 21:08:10 PST 1982

WHAT TYPE OF TERMINAL ARE YOU WORKING ON ?

- 1. Ann Arbor.
- 2. Digital VT 100.
- 3. A.D.M.3 or Textronix.

*** TYPE IN 1, 2 OR 3.***

1 <---[A "1" WAS TYPED IN HERE TO INDICATE THAT]
[THE TERMINAL BEING USED WAS AN ANN ARBOR]

WELCOME - You have the following options:

- 1. Telnet to Tops20 and log in automatically.
- 2. Link to another terminal in the C-3 Lab (primarily for training on this program).

*** TYPE IN 1 OR 2.***

2 <---[A "2" WAS TYPED IN HERE TO INDICATE THAT]

[PROGRAM WAS TO BE USED FOR TRAINING]

[THIS RESULTS IN A CALL TC "c3LabLink()"]

Figure 2. SUBROUTINE "init()"

```
[ TYPING "$" AND A CARRIAGE RETURN CAUSES ]
[ THE FOLLOWING MENU TO BE DISPLAYED ]
```

MENU #1 - You have the following options:

- 1. Review/Edit an existing file.
- 2. See the current list of filenames.
- 3. Review/Edit the current macro list.
- 4. Prepare an order.
- 5. See the current list of orders.
- 6. Quit (return to standard WES input mode).

*** Type in 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, or 6. ***

6 <---[A "6" TYPED HERE CAUSES THE PROGRAM TO]
[RETURN TO THE STANDARD WES INPUT MODE]

[OPTION 4 HAS BEEN INCLUDED BOTH HERE AND IN THE SOURCE CODE TO DEMONSTRATE AN OPTION WHICH MAY BE ADDED TO THE PROGRAM IN THE FUTURE, AND AS AN EXAMPLE OF HOW EASILY A MODULE MAY BE ADDED TO THE PROGRAM

@ <---[THIS IS THE OPERATING SYSTEM PROMPT FROM]
 [TOPS20, WHICH IS DISPLAYED AFTER OPTION]
 ["6" HAS BEEN SELECTED]</pre>

Figure 3. SUBROUTINE "menu()"

Items 4 and 5 have been included in the menu as an example of a potential area for expanding the program beyond its capabilities as it is currently written. If option 4 (order preparation) is selected, a message is returned stating that the option is not implemented yet. Option 5, however, does list the files in the directory which end in ".ord"; this can easily be changed to any ending which would readily identify the files containing standard groups of orders for input to WES. This will be discussed in more detail in Chapter IV.

The most complex series of subroutines begins with "macro()" (Figure 4). This family of routines includes "macro()", "next()", "xlate()", and "sub()". They are used to accomplish two closely related tasks, both of which are controlled by "macro()".

The first task is the substitution of a WES command, or a series of WES commands for an abbreviation (macro) which is defined and entered into the file "mac.text". This file may be changed at any time by choosing menu option 3. The file is stored in an array in the program to facilitate a rapid search and translate process. To expand a simple macro, a "\$" is entered, followed by the macro and a carriage return. If the macro is to be used at the beginning (or in the middle) of a sentence, the macro is ended with the character "escape".

```
[ "macro()" EXAMINES THE INPUT FCLLOWING A ]
[ "$" IF THE INPUT DOES NOT CORRESPOND TO ]
[ A PREDETERMINED FUNCTION WITHIN THE ]
[ PROGRAM SUCH AS "belp()" OR "quit()" ]
```



```
[ SUCCESSIVE CALLS TO NEXT ARE REQUIRED TO ]
[ DETERMINE IF A MACRO EXISTS WHICH ]
[ MATCHES THE CHARACTERS WHICH ARE BEING ]
[ TYPED IN. ]
```

```
IF A CHARACTER IS TYPED IN WHICH DOES ]
NOT MATCH A MACRO IN THE CURRENT LIST, ]
AN ERROR MESSAGE IS DISPLAYED ]
```

THE ERROR MESSAGE - "NOT A VALID MACRO"]

Figure 4. SUBROUTINES "macro()" AND "next()"

This causes the expansion of the macro to be sent to WES, but it is not followed by a carriage return. This type of expansion is useful for sending commands which are frequently used during the conduct of a game, especially since a new macro can be added to the file while the game is in progress.

The second task is an extension of the first in which a macro with arguments is expanded into one or more WES commands. After the macro and its expansion are found in the array, the arguments are substituted into their appropriate places in the commands as they are sent to WES. For example, if "\$atk.a7(gimitz,4,flt1)" is entered, the following actions are taken. "Macro()" is called as soon as enough characters are entered to determine that the input is not a request for one of the programs standard routines. e.g. "help()". In this case, the letter "a" is sufficient to make this decision. Successive calls to "next()" are made as required to match the string of characters as it is being typed in. This serves two functions. First, no delay is required to locate the macro and send the WES equivalent. Second, as soon as a character is typed in which causes the string of characters to be different from the list of macros in "mac.text", an error message ("NOT A VALID MACRO") is displayed and the program returns to the standard WES input mode.

After "\$atk.a7(nimitz,4,flt1)" is entered, it must be followed by a carriage return or an escape character. In either case, the arguments (nimitz, 4, and flt1) are substituted into the appropriate places in the command which is sent to WES. In this case, the output to WES would be "FOR NIMITZ LAUNCH 4 A7E FLT1 120 240 1000". Since this is a macro with arguments, the substitution and output to WES is accomplished by "sub()". If the macro did not have any arguments, the translation and output would have been accomplished ty "xlate()" (Figure 5). As mentioned earlier, following a macro with a carriage return causes a carriage return to be sent to WES, while an escape character allows the macro expansion to be used in the context of a WES command.

"Edit()" is the routine which provides the capability to review an existing file or to create a new file. Since the type of terminal being used is determined in "init()", the corresponding type of editor can be called. The distinction between the different types of terminals must be made by the program, since the UNIX operating system is not capable of making the distinction on its own. After entering "edit()", the name of the file which is to be edited must be entered. Since the program examines every character which is typed in, if a mistake is made in typing in the file name, no provisions exist for deleting characters which have been typed incorrectly. To insure

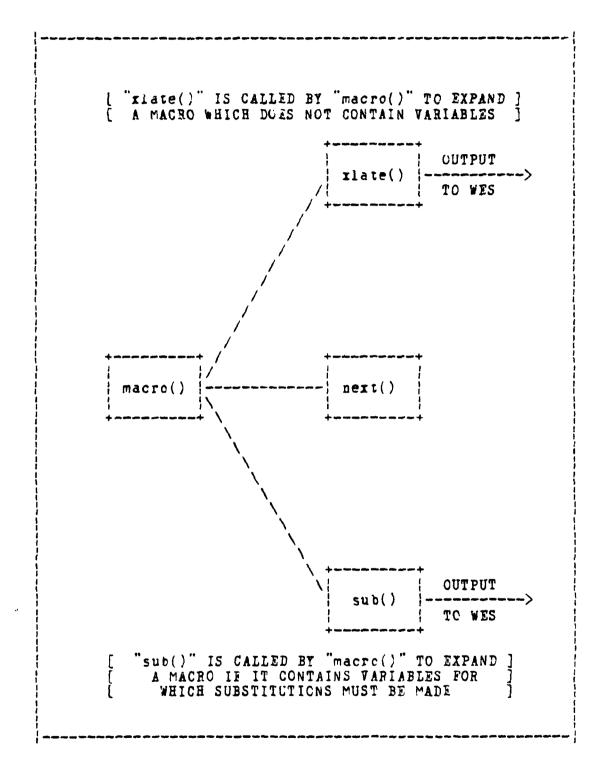


Figure 5. SUBROUTINES "xlate()" AND "sub()"

verification (a "y" or "n") of the name which has been entered. Once in the editor, the program is no longer examining the input, and the editor is used as it normally would be. As a minimum, this requires the user to know what command must be entered in order to exit from the editor, since the program cannot be of any assistance. Once the editing session is complete, the menu is displayed and another selection must be made. Although the file containing the macros may be edited in this fashion, a menu option has been provided to accomplish this directly (Figure 6).

The second option on the menu is to display the list of filenames which are available in the directory which was used to run the filter program. "Display()" is intended to provide a list of files if a particular file is to be edited or reviewed, but the exact name cannot be remembered. It presents the file names in a column format, so that all the files in most directories will be available on the screen at one time (Figure 6). To return to the menu, any character may be typed in.

As previously mentioned in the discussion on "edit()", the subroutine "rvwMecro()" automatically calls the macro expansion file ("mac.text") into the appropriate editor (Figure 6). "RvwMacro()" is called by selecting item 3 on the menu. This routine was included as an explicit

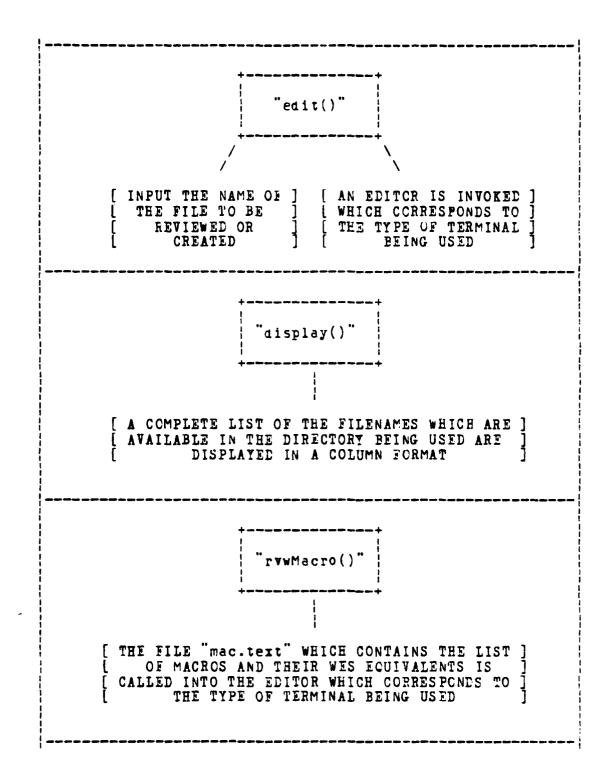


Figure 6. SUBROUTINES "edit()", "display()" and "rwwmacro()"

option since the macro expansion capability is the most powerful option available in the program. In this light, this ability to rapidly add to or charge the list of macros while the WES program is running should prove to be a desirable feature.

As mentioned earlier, the subroutine "orderPrep()" is not yet implemented, but has been included for the rollowing reasons. The preparation of a series of WES commands, referred to here as an order, was suggested as a useful feature to be added to the program. In the context of WES such a series of commands would be called a "plan". This routine is envisioned to use a menu, from which small plans would be selected and combined to form a complete plan. The overall plan would contain standardized control characters, which would be replaced by arguments in a routine similar to "sub()". The plan could then be typed out or edited prior to being sent to WES. Although this description is somewhat limited, it should provide both an explanation of the concept and a framework on which to build if it is to be implemented.

The selection of the next item on the menu causes "rwwOrders()" to be executed. This routine is similar to "display()", in that it lists the available files of a certain type, in this case files which contain orders. These files are currently assumed to have a file type, or suffix, or ".ord". This suffix can be easily changed within

the program to one which is more easily remembered by the user. A series of suffixes can also be entered in the program if a more general listing of order files is desired.

The next subroutine is "tnTops20()", which performs a number of functions if the option to use telnet is chosen (Figure 7). First, it requests that two processes be initiated - telnet and "readTN". The output from telnet (WES) is sent to the background program, "readTN". This connection is established using the UNIX pipe function (;). However, the connection between the filter program and telnet is created in the program using "popen()". The tipe facility can not be used by the filter since a pipe sends all of the output of the first process to the second. For example, the pipe function would cause the menu to be sent to telnet, which obviously would not be desirable. "Popen()" creates a file descriptor, which is essentially a name for the input side of telnet. Using the file descriptor, selected output can be sent to telnet, while other information is displayed on the terminal screen.

As will be discussed more thoroughly in Section D of this chapter, "tnTops20()" also selectively adjusts the terminal modes, which would otherwise cause the keyboard to become inactive. It then sends the file "tnTops20.text" to telnet. The file contains the commands to log in and to begin running a certain program if desired. This is an example of why the program was designed to be file driven,

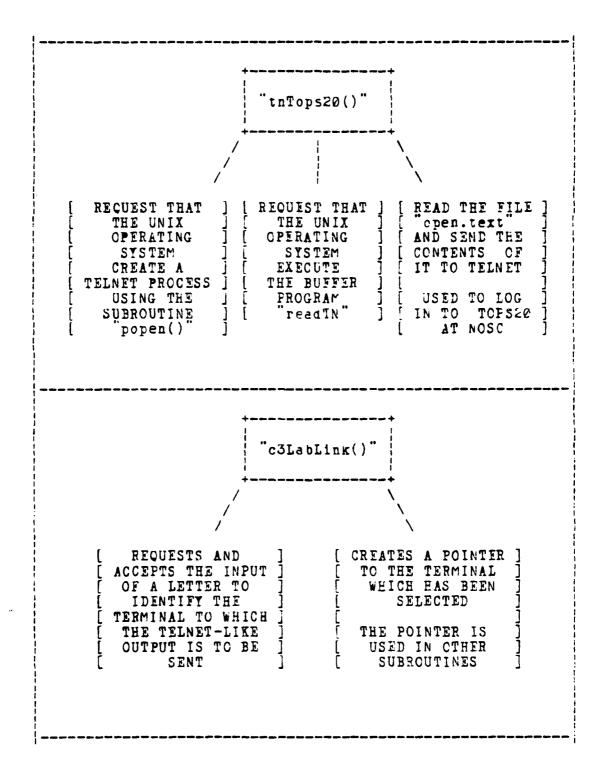


Figure 7. SUBROUTINES "tnTops20()" and "c3LabLink()"

for changing the program to be run after logging in is easily accomplished by editing the "tnTops20.text" file.

The "help()" routine is the first of the standard routines which are available in the program (Figure 8). It consists of a file which is displayed on the terminal and contains the basic formats for input to the filter program. The file is displayed by typing in "\$ help" or "\$?". The number of spaces occuring in the input string between words in this case is not significant, e.g., "\$ help" and "\$help" achieve the same result. However, this is not true for all input. For the most part, the input to the program is in the form of WES commands, which are handled by the "default mode" of the program, and as such are sent directly to telnet (WES).

The second standard routine is "quit()" (Figure 8). It is requested in the same manner as the help function, by typing in a dollar sign followed by the word quit ("\$ quit"). Again, the number of spaces between the two words is not significant. This routine is used to exit from the program, after logging off of the system at NOSC. Logging off also causes the telnet process to be terminated, as indicated by a message on the terminal when this occurs. The fitter program could simply be aborted at this point, however, the cutput buffer program would still be active, the terminal modes would not be set normally, and certain file descriptors would still be open. All the tasks

```
"help()"
[ TYPING IN "$ help" OR "$ ?" CAUSES THIS [ SUBROUTINE TO READ THE FILE "help.text"
      AND TO DISPLAY IT ON THE TERMINAL
                         "quit()"
    TYPING IN "$ quit" CAUSES THIS ROUTINE
     TO PERFORM ALL OF THE FUNCTIONS WEIGH ARE REQUIRED TO EXIT FROM THE PROGRAM
                          "err()"
[ THIS SUBROUTINE PROVIDES A STANDARD ERROR ]
 MESSAGE ("NCT A VALID INPUT. TRY AGAIN") ]
WHICH IS USED IN THE ERROR CHECKING ]
         ROUTINES TEROUGHOUT THE PROGRAM
```

Figure 8. SUBRCUTINES "help()", "quit()" AND "err()"

required to correct these deficiencies are accomplished by "quit()". A message indicating that the filter program is being exited properly is displayed as these tasks are accomplished. Failure to use the quit routine will, at best, result in the display of an operating system prompt ("%") with input from the keyboard being accepted, but not echoed (displayed) on the terminal as it is typed in.

As previously mentioned in the description of "tnTops20()", a useful connection between the filter program and telnet cannot be created using the UNIX pipe facility. Rather, the subroutine "popen()" must be used (Figure 9). The creation of a pipe in this manner allows the program to send only selected output to telnet. "Popen()" returns a file descriptor which, in this case, is essentially the name of the input side of telnet. The output which is intended for telnet is then directed using this file descriptor. The procedure for properly "closing" this file descriptor at the end of the program is discussed in the following paragraphs. Sufficient comments have been included in the source code to provide more details as to exactly how "popen()" functions. No further description of this routine will be included here.

A graceful (i.e., correct in a programming sense) termination of the filter program must include a function which closes the file descriptor ("fd") which is created in "popen()" (Figure 9). This action is accomplished in the

MAIN popen()" TELNET FROGRAM THIS SUBROUTINE IS USED IN LIEU OF THE UNIX PIPE FACILITY TO CREATE A CONNECTION BETWEEN THE MAIN PROGRAM AND TELNET THE ROUTINE RETURNS A FILE DESCRIPTOR WHICH IS USED TO DIRECT THE CUTPUT OF THE] PROGRAM TO TELNET AS RECUIRED "pclose()" THIS SUBROUTINE IS CALLED BY "quit()" TO CLOSE THE FILE DESCRIPTOR WHICH WAS CREATED BY "popen() THE OTHER STANDARD LIBRARY ROUTINES WHICH IT IN TURN CALLS ARE NOT DESCRIBED IN THIS THESIS

Figure 9. SUBROUTINES "popen()" AND "polose()"

subroutine "pclcse()". The call to "pclcse()" is a part of the "quit()" routine which has already been discussed.

The final subroutine in the program is "err()" (Figure 8). It has been included to simplify and standardize the inclusion of error checking mechanisms which are found throughout the program. The only function it performs when it is called is the output of an error message on the terminal screen.

Due to the fact that the subroutines are file driven, all of the files which are required for their operation must be available in the directory from which the program is executed. If a file is not available, and en attempt is made to open it, an error will result which will stop the program. This type of catastrophic error could be avoided, however, the program would be at test handicapped by the absence of a particular file. For this reason, it is assumed that both the program and the files which are required to run it in its entirety will be available. Similarly, the "readTN" program must remain separate from the main program, and it too must be in the directory which is being used. A straightforward means of insuring that all the programs and files are accounted for is to store them all on a tape, and to read the tape when first using the filter, or when an error occurs because a required file has been changed or deleted.

B. THE UNIX INTERFACE

In general, the UNIX interface was the most straightforward concept to address in designing and implementing the filter program. In UNIX, essentially all areas where input and/or output can occur are treated as if they are files. To a great extent, this allows the user of a computer with a UNIX operating system to direct his attention to more important aspects of programming. This concept is also found in the "C" programming language, which is essentially the language of UNIX, and which is the language in which this program was written. In "C", however, a distinction is made between the standard input and output (which are generally the keyboard and terminal screen), a data file, and an active computer program (process), in that different formats must be used to receive input from or direct output to them. In most programs this would not be a major concern, but this program by design requires the use of all three formats.

As described earlier, the main program causes a second program to be executed. This program is called "readTN", and buffers the output from telnet (WES) as required. The readTN program runs as a background process, that is, it is executed by UNIX independently of the main program. It receives its instructions by having access to a file which contains a flag, i.e., a character whose value determines whether the buffer is to be active or not. The main program

also has access to the file containing the flag, and by changing the character in the file causes the buffer to be enabled ("1") or disabled ("2").

The main program also requests that the telnet process be initiated. This operation is handled by a call to the UNIX operating system, and will be discussed in more detail in the section on the telnet interface.

C. THE WES OUTPUT BUFFER PROGRAM

This program, "readTN", is essential to the operation or the filter process. Without a buffer, the output from WIS would be mixed on the terminal screen with the output from the process which the user has selected. This would not have any effect on either WES or the user program, however, it would be at best confusing to the user. An additional, and perhaps more serious problem associated with interleaving the two outputs is that the user would be required to divide his attention between them. Buffering the WES output allows him to concentrate on one issue at a time, and to be quickly brought up to date when the second process is completed.

One means of controlling the output of the buffer is to use the X-ON/X-OFF feature which is a part of UNIX. In short, if the terminal page length ("pagelen") is not zero, and "flowout" is enabled, the UNIX operating system will send the output from WES or from the buffer program to the

terminal screen a page at a time. To continue with the next page, an X-ON, which is currently a "control-Q", is typed in. This character is interpreted by UNIX, but is not considered to be a valid input to the program. Similarly, a "control-S" can be used to stop the output before the end or a page is reached. Rather than displaying one page at a time, a "control-P" can be used to enter the "zoom mode", in which the output does not stop at the end of each page. The "control-P" is a toggle, that is, a second "control-P" causes the page length to once again take effect.

D. THE TELNET INTERFACE

Although not obvious in the source code, significant problems were encountered in implementing a program which provides input to the telnet process. The author of telnet, Dan Franklin of Bolt, Beranek, and Newman (BEN), stated that he did not anticipate the use or a program to "feed telnet" when he wrote the telnet process. He agreed that the input terminal becomes disabled when an attempt is made to create a connection between a process and telnet. This terminal "lockup" is caused by the telnet program, which changes the terminal modes in such a manner that no input can be generated from the keyboard. This only occurs when a program is used to create the telnet process. With this fact in mind, the program was written to reset the modes after the telnet process is created, so that the keytoard

will be reactivated. This is accomplished in the filter program in the subroutine "tnTops20()".

The main program creates telnet as a means of connecting the computer (a PDP 11/70) in the C3 Secure Computer Laboratory to one of the virtual machines at the Naval Ocean Systems Center (NOSC) in San Diego. Aside from the fact that a different operating system is being used after logging in to the system at NOSC, telnet itself is transparent to the user. It allows programs and processes to be run from the terminal as if a physical connection to the NOSC computer existed.

III. A USER'S GUIDE

The purpose of this section is to provide the user of the filter program with a concise, step-by-step set of instructions to follow in becoming familiar with the filter program. This is most easily accomplished by using the training mode, since the output of the program which would normally be sent via telnet to WES can be displayed on an adjacent terminal for easy reference. A copy of a training session on the filter program is found in Appendix A.

Three steps must be followed in order to begin training on the filter program. First, the type of terminal being used must be specified. This choice is made by simply entering the number from the menu which corresponds to the type of terminal from which the program is being run.

Second, a "2" must be entered to use the program in the training mode. Finally, the letter which identifies the terminal to which the "telnet" cutput is to be sent must be entered. Although the letters which correspond to the Ann Arbor terminals are shown on the screen, and a list of all possible terminal identifiers is shown, this may not be adequate or simple enough to follow. As an alternative, "login" on the terminal which is to be used to display the output, as well as on the terminal to be used to run the filter program. On the keytcard of the display terminal,

type "dpy yourname", where "yourname" is the name used to login. This will show the upper or lowercase letter which corresponds to the terminal, or tty, immediately following the user name. Enter this letter when asked for the "tty you want to link to". Note that unlike many programs, the filter program reads every character as it is typed in, and a carriage return is not required after an entry is made unless it is specifically asked for, or after "\$help", "\$quit", or "\$macro" is entered. Messages indicating that the link is being established, and that the keyboard can then be used will be displayed on the input terminal.

To review the three basic types of entries which can be made, enter "\$ help", followed by a carriage return. It should be noted that this and any other entry which begins with a "\$" must end with a carriage return (CR), or, in the case of macros, alternatively with an escape character. The three entries, "\$ CR", "\$ macro CR", and "\$ quit CR" cause the menu, a macro expansion, and termination of the program to occur respectively.

In the training mode, a simulated system prompt ("9") is displayed on both the input and output terminals, since it would be seen if telnet was being used.

After reviewing the help file, input "\$ CR" to display the menu of options. Step through each of the six items on the menu, returning to the standard WES input mode by choosing the sixth option. At this time, the macro

expansion capability can be demonstrated. If a copy of the file "mac.text" is not available, return to the menu, edit the macro list by selecting item 3, and write down one or more macros. Enter a "\$" followed by the macro (with arguments, if any) and end the input with a carriage return. If the macro has been entered properly, no error message will be displayed, and the WES command(s) will be displayed on both the input and the output terminals. Insure that the proper number of arguments, in the proper sequence, are entered.

For easy reference, abbreviations for the arguments have been included in each macro in "mac.text". For example, "s" must be replaced by a ship name, "n" by a flight name, and "#" by the quantity of items (e.g. F-14's) which are desired. It is anticipated that a paper copy of the macro file will be nelpful and should be available if a relatively large number of macros are being used. The addition of the letters to represent the arguments of a macro should also be accomplished when a new macro is added to the list, to insure that it is properly documented for future use.

IV. CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

A. CONCLUSIONS

The input and cutput filter program has been successfully demonstrated to be a viable concept which interfaces well with both the Warfare Environment Simulator (WES) and the user. At the present time, the program has been tested with WES being run using several different, but predetermined scenarios. This approach has been sufficient to detect and correct deficiencies in the programs which make up the filter, but a recommendation for future testing and use is made in the next section.

B. RECOMMENDATIONS

1. Future Testing

Although the program was tested on an incremental basis as it was developed, and significant changes were made to insure that its use did not interfere with the conduct of a WES wargame in any way, more extensive testing should be accomplished as follows. The program should be used during a truly interactive wargame, as opposed to the wargames which have recently been run in which essentially all orders were entered from a prepared script. An interactive wargame would be especially useful in evaluating the actual and potential value of the most powerful capability which the

program provides, i.e. macro expansion. Any scenario in which the player is forced to be active a great deal of the time would be most useful in accomplishing this evaluation.

2. Other Applications

A general observation and recommendation for further work stems from the fact that the input/cutput filter concept has an unlimited number of possible applications. In general, interactive computer programs such as WES are readily accessible, but not flexible or easy to modify, if they can be changed at all. The filter concept, on the other hand, provides a mechanism for achieving a wide range of flexibility in terms of aids and options which can be provided while remaining within the constraints on input imposed by an otherwise inflexible process. The general structure which has been presented here should serve as an adequate baseline from which to develop many variations of the filter program.

APPENDIX A

SAMPLE OUTPUT FROM THE FILTER PROGRAM

The attached text is a copy of the actual output of the filter program when used in the training mode. The only significant difference between the output shown here and the output when the program is used with telnet is as follows. In telnet, the echo is provided by the remote host (TOPS20), so that both the input echo and the output from WES appear in capital letters.

The copies of the menu of options which occur after it is displayed the first time have been removed and replaced with "(MENU HERE)".

Mon Mar 5 20:57:02 PST 1982

WHAT TYPE OF TERMINAL ARE YOU WORKING ON

1. Ann Arbor.
2. Digital VT 100.
3. A.D.M.3 or Tektronix.

*** TYPE IN 1, 2 OR 3.*** 3 (SELECT OPTION #3)

WELCOME - You have the following options:

1. Telnet to Tops20 and log in automatically.
2. Link to another terminal in the C-3 Lab
(primarily for training on this program).

*** TYPE IN 1 OR 2. ***

2 (SELECT OPTION #2)

Choose one of the following devices to link to:

The second secon

rryc	tryH	l t yn	11,35	ttyX	ttyd	ttyl	ttyn	tryz
t ty B	ttyG	ttyM	LLYR	AKII	ttyc	ttyh	ttym	ttyy
t ty A	tlyF	ttyI	ttyQ	ttyV	tlyb	tlyg	t ty l	LLYW
1118	ILYE	ttyK	ttyP	ttyU	ttya	ttyf	ttyk	dri
tty	ttyD	ttyJ	1130	ttyT	tlyY	ttye	ttyj	1130

The current tty layout in the lab is: (Ann Arbor Terminals)

: ! ! ! - i	 	> >	
•	 	'ttyP /	 . · ·

*** TYPE IN THE tty YOU WANT TO LINK TO ***

*** FULLOWED BY A CARRIAGE RETURN ***

*** LOR EXAMPLE ----> ttyl ***

----> try Q

LINK TO ttyQ IS THIS CORRECT ? (TYPE y OR n) --> y LINKING TO C-3 LAB TERMINAL ttyQ. RETURNING CONTROL OF THE KEYBOARD TO YOU.

@shelp[CARRIAGE RETURN]

"\$ help" or "\$?" causes this file to be displayed.

The "\$" character is used to enter the portion of the program which is NOT transparent to you. The following syntax must be followed:

1. "\$ CR" (\$ followed by a carriage return)

Used to enter the 'Menu of Options' mode.

"\$ macro CR" (\$ followed by a macro AND a carriage return) . (OR an escape character)

Used to expand a macro into a WES command (or into a series of WES commands).

5. "\$ quit GR" (\$ followed by quit AND a carriage return)

Used to exit the program gracefully.

*** RETURNING TO THE STANDARD WES INPUT NODE. ***

OS[CARRIAGE RETURN]

MENU #1 - You have the following options:

- 1. Review/Fait an existing file.
 2. See the current list of filenames.
- 3. Review/Edit the current macro list.
- 4. Prepare an order. 5. See the current list of orders.
- 6. Quit (return to standard WES input mode).

*** Type in 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, or 6. ***

1 (SELECT OPTION #1)

TYPE IN THE NAME OF THE FILE YOU WANT TO EDIT, FOLLOWED BY A CARRIAGE RETURN ---> menu.text

EDIT FILE menu.text

IS THIS CORRECT ? (TYPE y OR n) --> y

edn menu. text

GOING TO THE EDITOR NOW.

The state of the s

MENU #1 - You have the following options:

t. Guit (return to standard WES input mode).

(MFNU HERE)

2 (SILECT OPTION #2)

DISPLAYING THE CURRENT LIST OF FILENAMES.

abs	appen	appen	blue.dir	buffer.c
tuffer.text	c.compller	99	c2.doc	COLL. LEXI
cal.c	cark.c	ch.c	clark.c	clark2.c
clear.c	cntrlf.dir	control.dir	cwc.dir	d b
riez	filter	filter.c	filter.c	flag1
flagi	flagIN	flagTNout	force	garb
ıtx	larry	loop	ltr	п.с
Mac	mac.text	mac.text	menu.text	menu1
menul.c	renul.o	menu2.text	new	new.c
new.pg	one.c	open.text	orderPrep.text	J.age
b	ú	r2.c	readTN	read IN.c
red.d1r	rem.c	rvw.text	, L	sż.c

TYPE ANY CHARACTER TO RETURN TO THE MENU --> [CARRIAGE RETURN]

(MENU HERE)

3 (SELECT OPTION #3)

ELITING THE MACRO EXPANSION FILE NOW.

				•		
				Y		
STRING TO BE SUBSTITUTED FOR THE MACRO	ENTER PLAN C [B LOR [A LAUNCH 4 F14 [B 056 240 28060 LOAD 4 PHENX 4 SWDR MISSION CAP STOP \$	FOR [A LAUNCH [B A7E [C 12e 24e 10ee \$ FOR [A ACTIVATE RADAR \$ submac4 \$	submac5 \$ (A "[" HERE INLICATES A submac6 \$ (CONTROL CHARACTER WHICH submac8 \$ (OTHERWISE COULD NOT BE submac9 \$ (Submacie 3 Firstword is [A. \$ Firstword [A, secondword [B, firstagain [A.\$	CHARACTER OF BOTH THE MACRO AND ITS EXPANSION BE THE DOLLAR SIGN CHARACTER \$ ===	<pre># = quantity n = flight name RN] (TO LXIT FROM EDN)</pre>
£-1		\$(u•#			LAST MUST	= ship
078 7>1,27 1 KACRO LIST 2	\$(u's)deo	atk.a?(s,#,n)\$ radar(s)\$ macro4\$	macrots macross macross macross	macro105 mac19()\$ mac20()\$	THE	27 27>q [CARKIAGE RETURN]
1,27 NACR	Te o	ath rad	33 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3	O O O		2]
1076 2771,27 1 MCR			24 40 10 10 10		4 27 t4 27 y 4 23 4 73 A	22.2

(MENU HERE)

4 (SELECT OPTION #4)

ORDER PREPARATION - NOT IMPLEMENTED YET.

(MENU HERE)

E (SELECT OPTION #5)

THE FOLLOWING ARE THE CURRENT ORDER FILES:

test.ord

(MENU HERE)

6 (SELECT OPTION #6)

RETURNING TO THE STANDARD WES INPUT MODE.

escap(nimitz, air1)[CARRIAGE RETURN] (MACRO EXPANSION)

SENDING --> ENTER PLAN Cairi
FOR nimitz LAUNCH 4 F14 airi 030 240 28000
LOAD 4 PHENI 4 SWDR
MISSION CAP
STOP

RETURNING TO THE STANDARD WES INPUT MODE.

@sark.a7(halsey,4,ark2)[CARRIAGE RETURN] (MACRO EXPANSION)

RETURNING TO THE STANDARD WES INPUT MODE.

SENDING --> FOR halsey LAUNCH 4 A7E atk2 120 240 1000

G\$mac&@(one,two)[CARRIAGE RETURN] (MACRO EXPANSION)

SENDING --> Firstword one, secondword two, firstagain one.

RETURNING TO THE STANDARD WES INPUT MODE.

@\$quit[CARRIAGE RETURN]

THE PROGRAM IS TERMINATING GRACEFULLY.

(THIS IS THE UNIX SYSTEM PROMPT)

APPENDIX B

THE MAIN PROGRAM

#include <stdio.h>
#include <stgnal.h>
#define MACSIZE 6400
#define SUBMAC 800
#define WRITE 1
#define READ 0
#define EOF -1

* THIS IS THE WES "FILTER" PROGRAM COMPILE THIS USING "pcc filter.c -15" */

```
Input characters used in switches......*
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             Option chosen - Telnet or Training.....*/
Terminal type - Smart or Dumb .....*/
                                             carriage return .... */
                                                                germings to link to for training ....*
                                                                                                             The array of macros and their equivalents....^st/
                                                                                                                                                                             Two subroutines for opening/closing a pipe...*/
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             (read or write) for popen().....*
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     file descriptor for output to a tty....*/
                                                                                       to be expanded and sent to WES...*/
                                                                                                                                  Equal to 0 when a macro MAY be found.....*
                                                                                                                                                        Equal to 0 when nacro NOT ended by CR.....*,
                                                                                                                                                                                                   Common to popen() and pclose().....*
                                                                                                                                                                                                                          Counters for loops........*/
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           descriptor for output to telnet....*,
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             pointer to the buffer on-off flag ...
The octal equivalent of
                                                                                           macro
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           The file
                                                                                          The
                       ¥
                                                                                                                                                                              popen(), pclose(),
  char linkdevice[] {'/
                                                                                                            Mac[NACSIZE
                                                                                                                                                                                                     popen_pid,
                                                                   device[12]
                                                                                           buffer [61
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        termty pe
                                                                                                                                                        rlagCR,
                                             CR 012.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   option,
                                                                                                                                                                                                                             1, j, K,
                                                                                                                                     flagn,
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   *fr.Th,
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           font,
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  rode ;
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     FILE
                                                                                                                                     int
```

```
FP = fopen("flagTN", "w");
putc('1', KP); /* Euffer WES output....*/
fclose(FP);
/^{st} The main program begins here .....^{st}/
                                       char c, f, \kappa, h; extern char d, e; int flags; /* To choose between help() & quit().......*/
                                                                                                                                                                                           /^{\kappa} The derault mode of operation begins here......^{\kappa}/
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      /* Dollar sign.....*/
                                                                                                                                                      /* Actions required to begin the program.....*/
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                FP = fopen("flagTN", "w");
putc('z', rP);
fclose(kP);
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          if ( option == 1 )
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              Eoto labelB;
break;
                                                                                              extern int option;
extern filE *FP, *fpTN;
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   if ( option == 1 )
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 case '$':
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         c = getchar();
                                                                                                                                                       i () liui
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                switch(c)
  main()
```

A STATE OF THE PARTY OF THE PAR

```
putc('@', fpTN); /* To simulate the ...*/
printf('@'); /* system prompt ...*/
                                                                                                                                                                             /* Begin call subroutine node ....
                                                                                                                     fclose(fpTN);
goto labelA;
break;
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              : goto labelb
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            Koto labelA ;
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  Dreak;
case 015 : menu() ;
goto labelA
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       goto labelA
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  : help();
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            case '\n' : menu()
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        break;
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        break ;
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   brecki
  default
                                                                                                                                                                                                           d = getchar();
switch(d)
                                                                                                                                                                            '* End default node. */
                                                                                                                                                                                                 labelB:
```

```
case '$' : err();

break;

case 'h' : e = getchar();

break;

case 'q' : e = getchar();

break;

case 'q' : e = getchar();

break;

default:

ir (option == 1)

putchar(d);

goto labelA;

case 'e' : r = getchar();

break;

case 'e' : r = getchar();

case 'e' : r = getchar();

default: r = getchar();

case 'u' : r = getchar();

break;

default : err();
```

```
switch(f)

case 'l': g = getchar();

break;

case 'l': g = getchar();

break;

default: err();

break;

case 'l': h = getchar();

flag2 = g;

flag2 = l;

break;

case 'l': h = getchar();

flag2 = l;

break;

case 'l': h = getchar();

flag2 = l;

break;

default: err();

flag2 = l;

break;

break;

break;

lag10 = getchar();

flag2 = l;

break;

break;

break;
```

The second secon

/* The main program ends here.....

/* SUPROUTINES */

```
/dev/ttyM/" is the default
                                                                                                             /* Clear string "device"
                                                                                                                                                                                                                   value of the terminal to
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 link to for training.
/* Actions required to begin the program....
                                                                                                                                                                                               * * *
                                                                                                 for ( 1 = \emptyset; 1 \le 1\emptyset; ++1 device[1] = ';
                                         extern char device[12]
                                                        extern int option;
FILE *fp3, *fp6;
                           char m1;
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        dev1ce[10
                                                                                                                                             device[0]
                                                                                                                                                         device[1]
                                                                                                                                                                        device [2]
                                                                                                                                                                                      device [3]
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 device [6]
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            device [8]
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           device[9]
                                                                                                                                                                                                    device[4]
                                                                                                                                                                                                                  device[5
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              device[7
1611()
```

printr("%c %c \t\t", CR, CR); system("date"); rclose(fp3);

* * *

fp3 = fopen("rac.text", "r"); /* Read the macro list and the i = 1; /* list of substitutions into while ((m1 = getc(fp3)) i = EOF) /* the arrey mac.

rp3 = fopen("rac.text", "r"); 1 = 1;

mac[1] = m1;1 = 1 + 1;

```
/* Read in the type of terminal.....*/
                                                                                                                                                                                  ×.
                                                                                                                                                                                                *.
                                                                                                                                                                                 /* Used in edit() to determine
/* what type of editor to use
INITAHAT TYPE OF TERMINAL ARE YOU WORKING ON ?")
               printf("\n\t\ti. Ann Arbor.");
printf("\n\t\ti. Digital VT 100.");
printf("\n\t\ti. A.D.M.3 or Tektronix.");
printf("\n\t\ti. Yr 100.");
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        fl6 = fopen("open.text", "r");
wnile(( m1 = Retc(fp6)) ! = EOF
   putchar(m1);
fclose(fp6);
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              :0
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   S
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       goto label5
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 ii
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     ij
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                termtype = break;
                                                                              system("rodtty brkall");
label5 :
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     termtype
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          err();
                                                                                                                                                                                                    break
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 break;
                                                                                                                          m1 = getchar();
switch(m1)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             default
                                                                                                                                                                          case
                                                                                                                                                                                                                      case
         vrintr(
```

```
/* To use it for training only .. */
                                                                   /* To use the program with WES..*/
m1 = getchar();
switch(m1) /* Selection from opening menu........
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            labelC:
   if ( option == 1 )
   system("modity echo");
                                                                                                                                                                                 goto label3;
break;
                                                                                                              option = 2;
c3Lablink();
                                                      option = 1
tnTops20()
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    menu() /* The menu of options...
                                                                                   break ;
                                                                                                                                          break;
                                                                                                                                                                     err();
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             extern int fout; extern int option; FILE *ip;
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      extern FILE *fpTN;
                                                                                                                                                         default
                                                                                                   ca se
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              char m2;
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      return ;
```

```
printf("%c%c\tRETURNING TO THE STANDARD", GR, CR); printf("WES INPUT MODE. &c", CR); idprintf(fout, %c", CR); /* Pipe is ON here... */if (option == 2)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       putc(CR, fpTN);
putc('@', fpTN); /* To simulate the
printf('@'); /* system prompt
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    fpTN = fopen(linkdevice, 'w");
puts(fop f.mm)
                                                                                          /* Selection from the menu.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  fclose(fpTN);
fp = fopen("menu.text", "r");
while ((mZ = getc(fp)) l= FOF)
   putchar(mZ);
fclose(fp);
systen("rodtty brkall");
m = getchar();
switch(mZ) /* Selection from
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 orderPrep();
break;
                                                                                                                                                                                                                       rvwMacro();
break;
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       rvwOrders();
break;
'6';
                                                                                                                                                                                display();
break;
'3';
                                                                                                                                                   break;
                                                                                                                                      ed1t();
                                                                                                                      case '1':
                                                                                                                                                                      case
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      case
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              case
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          case
```

```
if ((m2 == '1') || (m2 == '2') || (m2 == '3') || (m2 == '4') || (m2 == '5')) |
                                                                                                                                                                                                     FP = fopen("flagTN", "w");
putc('2', FP);
fclose(FP);
/* = return in this case.....
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             racro() /* Check to see if a given macro is valid.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               /* End of menu of options....
                                                                                                                                                                                   system("modity -echo");
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    fdprintf(fout,"\n");
                                         goto labelC;
break;
 break;
                             err();
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              extern char buffer[81] extern FILE *FP;
                                                                                                                                                          1f ( option == 1 )
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     extern int flagGR extern int option
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         extern int fout; extern int flagN
                default:
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   extern char d
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            int flag;
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   return;
```

```
/*
                                                                                                                          /*******
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       if (( mac[j + k] == e ) && ( mac[j + k + 1] == '$'))
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   xlate(); /* Output the WES equivalent ....
                                                                                                                                                                                 string which begins with the value of the variable d
                                        when macro not ended by CR
                         when macro MAY be found.
                                                                                                                                                     /* Drops out of this loop with
                                                                                                                                                                 j = the index of the FIRST
                                                                                                                          characters in array mac
                                                                                                             is the # of one of the
             valld macro.
                                                                                                                                                                                              value of the variable
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     /* Null statement
            when NOT a
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 1f (flagCR == 1
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            break;
                                                                                                                                                                                                                            = K + 1
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              flag =
                      /* flagN = 0
/* flagCR = 0
            flag = 0
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           buffer[k+1] = e ;
                                                                                                                                                                                            *
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               putchar(e)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 if (option == 1
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     = getchar();
                                                                                                                                                                                                                          TOF ( K = 1; K < 20; K
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       else
                                                                                                                                       goto labelG
l= mac[j] )
                                                                                                                                                                  goto labelF
                                                                                                                                                                                             /#IInu #/
                                                                                 <= MACSIZE
                                                                                                                          J >= MACSIZE
                                                                                               = 1 + 1
                                                                                                                                                                                 == mac[ ]]
                         tlagn = 0
                                                                                                                                                                                                             buffer[1]
              3
              flag =
                                                                                                                                                      Þ
                                        flagCR
                                                        1 = -1
                                                                                                                                                                                    ರ
                                                                                  1! ( 1
labelD:
                                                                  labelF:
                                                                                                                          li (
```

```
xiate(); /* Output the WES equivalent..*/
if ( flagCR == 1 )
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             /* Find the next match....*/
/* Macro not found.....*
                                 sub(); /* Create the WES equivalent......
if ( flagGR == 2 )
1f (( mac[j + k] == e ) && ( mac[j + k + 1] == '('))
                                                                                                                                          ; /* Null statement .
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       if ( mac[j+k+1] == '$')
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                continue;
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   flag = 1
preak;
                                                                              flag = 1;
break;
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              next();
lf (flagN == 1)
break;
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             1f ( mac[j + k] l = e
                                                                                                                                                                                     1f ( mac[j + k] == e
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   else
                                                                                                                                                                                                                continue;
                                                                                                                              else
```

```
sub(); /* Create the WES equivalent...*/
if ( f lagCR == 2 )
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               /* Pipe is on here....../* e = CR or escape.....
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          /* Receive WES outjut...
                                                                                                                                                                                                     printf("%c %c",CR,CR);
printf("%c %c",CR,CR);
}
else if ( nac(j + k + 1] == '(')
                                                                                                               continue;
                                                               flag = 1
break;
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            FP = fopen("flagIN", "w");
putc('2', FP);
fclose(PP);
                                                                                                                                                    continue;
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            faprintf(fout, "%c", e);
                                                                                                     else
                                                                                                                                        else
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       1f ( option == 1 )
```

```
if ( mac[] + mm] l= buffer[] + mm] )
break; /* Go to next matching letter..*/
                                                                                           putc(CR, fpTN);
putc('@', fpTN); /* To simulate the ......*/
printf("@"); /* system prompt .....*/
                              fpTN = ropen(linkdevice, "w");
if ((e == 012) || (e == 015) || (flag == 0))
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       for (mm = 1; mm <= k; mm = mm + 1)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            /* Find the next "matching" macro.....
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         for ( J = J; J \leftarrow NACSIZE; J =
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 if ( rac[j] l= d )
continue;
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          if ( mac[j] == d )
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               extern int flagN;
extern char buffer[61];
                                                                                                                                                                                   fclose(fpIN);
1r ( option == 2 )
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             int mm ;
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    return
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    ()1x3U
```

```
if ( mac{} + mm] == buffer[1 + mm]

if ( rm == k )
                                                                                                else if ( rr < k continue
                                                          return;
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   xlate() /* Output the WES equivalent of a macro
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             extern int fout; extern int option; extern int option; extern FILE *rpTN;
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 e = getchar();
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                int num ;
                                                                                                                                                                                                  flagN = 1
                                                                                                                                                                                                                              return;
```

```
if ( option == 1 )
  fdprintf(fout, "%c", mac[j]); /* Pipe is on here.*/
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               /* Echo to user terminal.*/
                                                                                             frrv = rolen(linkdevice, "w");
for ( j = j; j < num + 21 + SUBMAG ; ++j )</pre>
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     putc(mac[j]. fpTN);
putchar( mac[j] );
                                                                                                                                                                                     ir ( mac[j] == '$')
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               if ( option == 2 )
                                                               flagCR = f
return;
                                                      bufferlk
e l= '\n'
e l= 015 )
e l= 033 )
                                                                                                                                          j = j + 20;
frTN = foten(
                                                                                                                                    = พกน
```

```
printr ("%c \theturning to the Standard Wes input mode. %c", CR, CR);
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        /* The index for which arg is being used..*/
                                                                                                                                                                                           /* Process a macro requiring substitution.........
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   /* The index for argl.......
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          /* Clear string "argl"
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       /* = 0,80,160,240,326....
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               1f (( e == 010) || ( e == 020))
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          for ( 11 = 0; 11 <= 399; ++11 ) arg1[11] = \langle 0';
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        putchar(e);
goto subloop;
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     extern int option;
extern FILE *rpfN;
                                     if ( option == 1 )
sleep(t);
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                extern int flagCR
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 extern int fout;
                                                                                                                                                                                                                               char arg1 [400];
int ii;
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            e = getchar();
fclose(fpIN);
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       index = \emptyset;
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            int index;
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        int snum;
                                                                                                                                    return;
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           : foorqns
                                                                                                                                                                                            sub()
```

```
e = getchar();
if (( e == '\n') || ( e == 015 ) || ( e == '[['])
                                                  | arg1[11] = '\0';
flagCR = 2;
goto print;
                                                                                                                                                                                               argl[ii] = '\0';
index = index + 80;
ii = index;
                                                                                                                 err();
return;
}
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            argl[11] = e;
i1 = 11 + 1;
                                                                                                                                                                           else if ( e == ',')
11 ( e == ')' )
                                                                                                   else
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           else
```

goto subloop;

```
print: print("\n\tSENDING -->");

snum = 1;

1 = 1 + 20;

fyln = ropen(linkdevice, "w");

for ( j = 1; j < snum + 21 + SUBMAC; ++j )

for ( j = 1; j < snum + 21 + SUBMAC; ++j )

if ( mac[j] == '$' ) break;

if ( arg[[ii] == '\0' )

break;

if ( option == 1 )

for(ii = 1;ii <= 79; ++ii)

if ( option == 1 )

putc(arg[[ii]; fpln);

printf( xc , arg[[ii] );

for(ii = 80;ii <= 159; ++ii)

for(ii = 80;ii <= 159; ++ii)

if ( option == 1 )

break;

if ( option == 1 )

for(ii = 80;ii <= 159; ++ii)

if ( option == 2 )

printf( xc , arg[[ii] );

if ( option == 2 )

printf( xc , arg[[ii] );

printf( xc , arg[[ii] );
```

```
fdprintf(fout, "%c", mac[j]); /* Pipe is on here. */
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   /* Echo to user terrinal.*/
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             '\theturning to the Standard wes input mode. &c", CR);
                                                                                                  rdprintr(rout, "%c", arg1[11]);
option == 2)
                                                                                                                                        puic(argl[11], fpfn);
printf(%c,argl[11]);
                              for(11 = 320;11 <= 399; ++11)
                                                        (arg1[11] == '\0')
break;
                                                                                               option == 1
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      putc(mac[J], frfN);
putchar( mac[J] );
1f ( mac[ J] == '[E']
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         if ( option == 2 )
                                                                                                                                                                                                                             ir ( option == 1
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    steep(5);
printf("%c %c ,CR,CR)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       arg1[240] = \0
arg1[320] = \0
ir ( cptlon == 1
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          fclose(fpTN)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         arg1[0]
arg1[80]
arg1[160]
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    return ;
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      printr(
```

```
/* For Digital VT 100 terminals....
                                                                                                                                                   printf("%c %c \tTYPE IN THE NAME OF THE FILE ", CR, CR);
printf("YOU WANT TO EDIT, );
printf("%c \t\trollowed BY A CARRIAGE RETURN ---> ", CR);
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    /* For Ann Arbor terminals..
                                                                                                                                                                                                                     for (1 = 0; 1 \le 70; 1 = 1 + 1)
arg[i] = '';
                                                                                          if ( option == 1 )
system( n.odity echo");
                                                             extern int option;
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       ir(termtype == 1)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   if(termtype == 2)
/* Edit a file...
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      are [2]
are [3]
                               char a ; char arg[71] ;
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   are [1]
are [2]
are [3]
edit()
```

```
arg[1] = getchar(); /* Accepts the name of the ....*/
if (( arg[1] == '\n') ||/* file you want to edit. ....*/
( arg[1] == 015 ))
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      printr("%c %c \tis This Correct ? (TYPE y OR n) --> ", CR, CR);
                                          /* For "dun.b" terminals.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        printf("%c %c \tellT FILE ",CR,CR);
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     for ( 1 = 3; arg[1] 1= \\vartheta'; ++1 ) putchar(arg[1]);
                                                                                                                                                                                             arg[1] = '\e';
break;
                                                                                                                         for (1 = 4; 1 <= 70; 1 = 1 + 1)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     system("rodtty brkall");
                               if(termitype ==
                              are [0]
are [1]
are [3]
```

```
printf("%c %c.\t\tGOING TO THE EDITOR NOW. %c", CR, CR, CR); printf("%c %c", CR, CR); system(arg);
       /* Selection from y or n
                                                                                                                                                                                                                               for (1 = 0; arg[i] [= '\0'; 1 = 1 + 1 putchar(arg[i]);
                                                                                                                                                                                                          printf("%c %c %c \t\t\t",CR,CR,CR);
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            if ( option == 1 )
system( modity -echo");
                                                                   goto label4;
break;
case 'N';
                                                                                                  goto label4;
break;
default:
                                                                                                                                                               goto label4;
break;
                                                             break;
                                        break;
case 'Y';
                               case 'y':
a = getchar();
switch(a) /*
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               return ;
```

```
* *.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              /* Read the macro list and the .*/
                                                               printf("%c%c\tDISPLAYING THE CURRENT LIST OF FILENAMES.", CR, CR);
printf("%c%c", CR, CR);
system("1s | mc");
printf("%c%c", CR, CR);
printf("%c%c", CR, CR);
printf("TYPE ANY CHARACTER TO RETURN TO THE MENU -->");
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              while ((m3 = getc(fpl)) != EOF) /* list of substitutions into rac[++1] = m3;
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      FILE *fp1;
printf( %c %c \tedliing THE MACRO EXPANSION FILE NOW.", CR, CR)
printf( %c %c , CR, CH);
if(termtype == 1,)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                /* Review the current list of macro's.........
/* List the current filenames.....
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         system("aa mac.text");
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               1f(termtype == 2)
System( vt mac.text");
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        if(termtype == 3)
system(edn mac.text
fpl = fopen(mac.text, r)
                                                                                                                                                                              r = getchar();
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    fclose(fp1)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             return ;
                                                                                                                                                                                                                           return;
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     rvwMacro()
   display()
```

```
/* = return in this case.....
                                                                                                             m4 = getchar(); */
switch(m4) { /* selection from orderPrep menu....
case '1';
                                                           fp4 = fopen("orderPrep.text", "r");
while(( m4 = getc(fp4)) != EOF )
   putchar(m4);
rclose(fp4);
                                                                                                                                                                                                                             break;
default :
                                                                                                                                           break;
                                                                                                                                                              break;
case '3':
                                                                                                                                                                                                    break;
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              return;
                                                1abe12 :
   orderPrep()
```

```
printf("%c%c\tTHE FOLLOWING ARE THE CURRENT ORDER FILES : ",CR,CR);
printf("%c%c",CR,CR) ;
system("1s *.ord | mc") ;
/* Review the orders that are already prepared......*/
                                                                                                                                                   /* Outputs the commands required to telnet and log in....*/
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           /* telnet tops20 | readIN .....
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         ttyin[0] = '1'; /* Write mode for popen().....
ttyin[1] = '\0';
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     mode = atol(ttyln);
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       extern int popen()
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       extern int fout
                                                                                                                                                                                                 char ttyin[2] char cmd [23] ;
                                                                                                                                                                                    cher m4 ;
                                                                                                    return;
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           сиd [9]
спd [10]
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             CFII [11
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        cnd [6]
cmd [1]
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         cnd [2]
cnd [3]
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         cmd [5]
crd [6]
crd [7]
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           cnd [8]
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           Cnd [4.
 rvwOrders()
                                                                                                                                                   nafrops2e()
```

Annual Control

```
system("modity crifout pagelen @ flowout xtabs n13");
                               /* telnet tops20 | readTN ...
                                                                                                                                   fp = fopen("inTops20.text", "r");
while ((r4 = getc(fp?)) i= ECF)
                                                                                                   fcut = popen(cnd, rode);
sleep(3);
                                                                                                                                                                                                  fclose(fp7);
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          return
cn.d [13]
cnd [14]
                                                                           Crd [22]
                                                                  cnd [21]
                                                 cnd [19]
                                                          C md [20]
                        cnd [16
                                         cnd [18
                cnd (15
                                cmd [17
```

```
*::
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      printf("%c%c/tis This Correct ? (TYPE y OR n) --> ",CR,CR);
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  printf("\n\t\t\t----> tty");
device[8] = getchar(); /* Accepts the tty name.....
printf("%c%c\tLINK TO ",CR,CR);
                                                                                                                                                  /* Displays the list of /* possible links.
/* Link to another terminal in the C-3 Lab....
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          system("modtty brkail");
b = getchar();
switch(b) /* Selection from "y" or "!
                                                                                                                                          flb = fopen("c3LL.text", "r");
while ((mb = getc(fpB)) != E0F)
futchar(m5);
fclcse(fpB);
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  goto label6;
break;
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           for ( 1 = 5; 1 <= 8; ++1 )
putchar(device[1]);</pre>
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               break;
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 , break;
                                                                                   extern char device[12] extern FILE *fpTN;
                                                                     char dev2[4];
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      case
                                                      char m5;
                                       char b;
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            1abe16:
     c3Lablink()
```

```
printf ("%c%c\tLINKING TO C-3 LAB TERMINAL %.45.%c", CR, CR, dev2, CR); printf ("%c%c\treturning control of the Ketboard to You.", CR, CR); printf ("%c@", CR);
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  "w"); /* To simulate the .....*/
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      /* system prompt
                                                                                                                                            fcr ( 1 = 0; 1 <= 3; ++1 )
dev2[1] = dev1ce[1 + 5];
                                                                             goto label6;
                   goto label6
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        fpTN = fopen(linkdevice, '
putc(CR, fpTN);
putc('@', fpTN);
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        linkdevice [8] = dev2[3];
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   /* The neip routine....
                                 break ;
                                                               err();
                                                                                               break;
case 'N':
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 Extern int option
FILE #fp2;
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              extern FILE *P ;
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  extern int fout;
                                               default
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      fclose(fpfN);
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         return;
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   char me;
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   help()
```

```
fpfN = fopen(linkdevice, "w");
putc(CR, fpfN);
putc('@', fpfN); /* To simulate the .....*/
printf("@"); /* system prompt .....*/
fclose(fpfN);
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 printf("%c \tx** NOT A VALID INPUT.*** TRY AGAIN.*** %c",CR,CR); printf("%c %c",CR,CR);
                                                                                                                                                                              /* Receive WES output.....
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        fdprintf(fout, "%c", CR); /* Pipe is on here.....
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            /* If the option chosen does not exist.....
                                                                                                                                                   FP = ropen("flagTN", "w");
putc('2', FP);
fclose(FP);
fp2 = fopen("help.text", "r");
while ((m6 = getc(fr2)) l= EOF)
   putchar(m6);
fclose(fp2);
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     extern int option; extern FILE *FP;
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         if (option == 2)
                                                                                                            if ( option == 1 )
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          return ;
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           err()
```

```
printf("%c%c\tTHE PROGRAM IS TERMINATING GRACEFULLY.%c",CR,CR,CR);
Frintf("%c%c",CR,CR);
pclose(fout);
system("rodtty normal 9600");
exit();
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            /* Create a pipe w/ a system call...
            FP = ropen("flagIN", "w");
putc('2', FP);
fclose(FP);
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 /* Open pire file descriptor (fd)....
                                                                                                                                                                                /* To exit from the program, type "squit"......
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                #define test(a,b) (mode == READ ? (b) : (a))
char *pcmd;
int pmode;
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               if (pipe(p) < 0)
return(NULL);</pre>
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            int p[2];
extern int popen_pid;
                                                                                                                                                                                                                          extern int fout; extern int pclose();
if ( option == 1
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       popen(pema,pmode)
                                                                                                                         return
                                                                                                                                                                                         ()1inb
```

```
close(test(0,1));
dup(test(p[READ],p[write])); /* Pipe = stdin/out....*/
close(test(p[READ],p[write])); /* Close pipe = stdin...*/
exect('bin/sh', sh', -c', pcmd', t');
                                   close(test(p[WRITE],p[READ])); /* Close unused side...*/
close(test(0,1)); /* Close stdin and sidout */
/* Fork to create two copies...*/
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              /*Close pipe file descriptor (fd) .....
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               istat = signal(SIGINT, SIG_IGN);
qstat = signal(SIGQUIT, SIG_IGN);
hstat = signal(SIGHUP, SIG_IGN);
while((r = wait(Sstatus)) '! = popen_pid && r !=
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      register r, (*hstat)(), (*istat)(), (*qstat)();
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  . END OF SUBROUTINES.
 if ((popen_pid = tork()) == 0)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             close(test(p[READ],p[WRITE]))
return(test(p[WRITE],p[READ]))
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               extern int popen_pid; close(fd);
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     signal(SIGQUIT,qstat)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           signal (SIGINT, istat)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              signal (SIGHUP, hstat)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         if (popen_pid == -1)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                return (NULL)
                                                                                                                                                                                exit(i);
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         return(status
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         int status;
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 pelose(fa)
```

APPENDIX C

THE MAIN PROGRAM TEXT FILES

FILE "mac.text"

STRING TO BE SUBSTITUTED FOR THE MACRO	ENTER PLAN C(B FOR [A LAUNCH 4 F14 [B Ø3Ø 24Ø 28ØØØ LOAD 4 PHENX 4 SWDR MISSION CAP STOP \$	FOR [A LAUNCH [B A7E [C 120 240 1000 \$ FOR [A ACTIVATE RADAR \$	<pre>submac6 \$ submac7 \$ submac7 \$ subrac8 \$ Firstword is [A. \$ Firstword [A, secondword [B, firstagain [A.]</pre>
MACHO LIST	\$(u.s)qeo	atk.a?(s,#,n)\$ radar(s)\$	racro5\$ macro6\$ racro7\$ macro8\$ mac9(x)\$ mac10(x,y)\$

\$

(THE "[" ABOVE INDICATES A CONTROL CHARACTER)

s = ship # = quantity n = flight name

FILE help.text

"\$ help" or "\$?" causes this file to be displayed.

The "\$" character is used to enter the portion of the program which is NOT transparent to you. The following syntax must be rollowed:

1. "\$ CR" (\$ followed by a carriage return) -

Used to enter the 'Menu of Options' mode.

(OR an escape character) "\$ macro CR" (\$ followed by a macro AND a carriage return)

Used to expand a macro into a WES command (or into a series of WES commands).

3. "\$ quit CR" (\$ rollowed by quit AND a carriage return) -

Used to exit the program gracefully.

*** RETURNING TO THE STANDARD WES INPUT MCDE. ***

FILE open.text

WELCOME - You have the following options:

Telnet to Tops20 and log in automatically.
 Link to another terminal in the C-3 Lab
 (primarily for training on this program).

*** TYPE IN 1 OR 2. ***

FILE menu.text

MENU #1 - You have the following options:

Review/Edit an existing file.
 See the current list of filenames.

3. Review/Edit the current macro list.

4. Frepare an order. 5. See the current list of orders.

6. Quit (return to standard WES input mode).

*** Type in 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, or 6. ***

FILE orderPrep.text

CRDER PREPARATION - NOT IMPLEMENTED YET.

FILE tnTops20.text

log nps12 password (CTHER COMMANDS HERE)

FILE CSLL.text

Choose one of the following devices to link to:

ttyC	t ty H	LLYN	ttys	LLYX	ttyd	ttyi	ttyn	2611
ttyB	t ty G	ttyM	ttyR	Ltyw	ttyc	ttyh	t tyn.	ttyy
ttyA	LLYF	ttyL	ttyQ	ttyV	ttyb	ttyg	ttyl	rtyw
8611	ICYE	LLYK	tlyP	ttyU	ttya	ttyf	ttyk	tryp
t 1 y	ttyD	ttyJ	t ty 0	ttyT	ttyY	ttye	t ty j	ttyo

The current tty layout in the lab is: (Ann Arbor Terminals)

10411		\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \
 	Σ	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
/_TYF_/	, , , , , ,	/ trys /

*** TYPE IN THE tty YOU WANT TO LINK TO ***

*** FOLLOWED BY A CARRIAGE RETURN ***

*** FOR EXAMPLE ----> ttyl

APPENDIX D

THE WES OUTPUT BUFFER PROGRAM

/* Send WES output.....* The WES output buffer.....* Characters from telnet...................*/ the buffer has been filled.....* "flag" character..... /* Buffer WES output...... /* COMPILE THIS USING "pcc readTN.c -1S" */ for (j = R; j <= 640R; ++j) buffer[j] = ' ; The putchar(b) */ * * * exit()
a == '1 buff() == '2' b == EOF b = getcher() /* readTN.c buffer[6400], #include <stdio.h> flag = 0; *fp2; flag, savei rain() cha r in t

```
fp2 = fopen("flagTN", "r");
a = getc(fp2);
fclose(fp2);
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    /* Buffer has been filled.....*//* Keep track of output in the buffer....*//* Begin overwriting buffer....**
                                                                                             if ( a == '1' ) /* Buffer WES output.....
     if (( b == 0.12) || ( b == 0.15)) /* When at the end of
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          /* Send WES output.....
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        fp2 = fopen("flagTN", "r");
a = getc(fp2);
fclose(fp2);
if (a == '2') /* Send N
                                                                                                                                                                                                               buffer[1] = b;
1f (( b == 012) || ( b == £15))
                                                                                                                                                                                /* Buffer output when a = '1'
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         send();
return;
}
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          1 = 1 + 1 ;

1f ( 1 == 6400 )
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        save1 =
                                                                                                                                            i dool olog
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      return ;
                                                                                                                                                                                 buff()
```

```
if (( buffer[k] == '\n') && ( buffer[k+1] == '\n'))
putchar(buffer[k]);
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          if (( buffer[k] == '\n') && ( buffer[k+1] == '\n'))
putchar(buffer[k]);
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  printf("\n\t*** WARNING - BUFFER OVERFLOW ***\n");
printf("\n\t*** SOME OUTPUT HAS BEEN LOST ***\n\n");
for ( k = savei; k <= 6400; ++k ) /* First part of output*/
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           for ( k=0; k \ll 1; ++k ) /* Overflow portion of output*/
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           \prime^* Go to the beginning of the buffer.....^*\prime
                                                                                                                                                if(( buffer[k] == '\n') && ( buffer[k+1] == '\n'))
k = k + 1;
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        /* Buffer has been overfilled......
                                              if (flag == 0) /* Buffer has NOT been filled......
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  /* Buffer has been flushed.....
                                                                                                                                                                                                                          putchar(buffer[k]);
                                                                                                  for (K = B; K <= 1; ++K)
 /* Send output when a = '2' */
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      if ( flag == 1)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       flag = 0
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            return;
send()
```

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